

THE KEELY MOTOR.

Keely says that he has just about completed his new machine, which is of wrought iron and cast steel, cost thousand dollars, and weighs twenty tons. He says that he has obtained a ton of eleven thousand pounds to test it. The engine stopped because the water would not stand more than that. The metal would hold he could work his engine up to ten thousand horsepower. "It is," he told a reporter, "a machine—that is to say, it uses a quart of water. With the constant that I have now nearly complete, make that quart of water produce thousand horse-power motion of constant duration to run a steamship the ocean."

of ten young ladies, with the
R. Ferguson, wife and five
sailed a few days ago in the
City of Berlin for Liverpool,
ay to Wellington, Cape Colony,
frica. They will combine the
of the natives in English
ionary work, and also act as
the children of English colo-
nister of Mr. Ferguson is prin-
e Huegenot seminary at Wel-

but the statement is supported by
 facts carefully put together.—*New*
Letter.

AFTER the Japanese will celebrate
 fourth of July with festivities, be-
 cause that day was fought the decisive
 of Ueno, in the contest which re-
 sulted in the establishment of the tem-
 power of the Mikado.

put on a dark gray dress and then a close silk bonnet, with a thick fringe. "Come, Mary," and the two left the room together.

A low, closed room, on a pallet bed, was Mary O'Brien's lodger. The face lay against the coarse ticking of the pillow was such as one fancies for the face of a favorite poet. The hair was

He could not understand why the
so easily cultivated and so useful
not been adopted in the eastern
The cuttings can be obtained
nurserymen west, at a small cost
cottonwood not only furnishes good
in a short time, but makes a shade
unsurpassed for cattle.

portrayal of the character reaches perfection. The whole purpose of the plot is to afford an opportunity for the illumination of this character. The Chinaman is going to become a frequent spectator over America, by and by, and this is a difficult political problem too. Therefore, it seems well enough to let

assistants. All persons liable to service are compelled to work on the levee when required, under penalty of two dollars a day, or provide an approved substitute. Persons are forbidden employing directly or indirectly, any person who has been notified to work the levee until such work has been performed under penalty of twenty dollars.

of the English gentry in their rage who received more than half counter-aid from the public sentiment and the policy of the English nation; and pillaged Spanish, French, and Flemish traders with serene impartiality, like captains and crews without remorse if it suited their convenience to kill.—*Turned in Popular Science Monthly.*

and \$1 per yard in 1855, and 44 cents a yard in 1875. Our entire production of textiles in Massachusetts in 1875 was 992,000,000 yards, or if we regard the earth as a spool on which 10 wires would pass around our planet 23 times, a yard wide.—*Spencerfield Republican*.

HICKMAN COURIER.
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GEO. WARREN,
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The Oldest Newspaper in Western Kentucky.
George Warren, Editor.
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FRIDAY, : : : : SEPT. 7, 1877

THE New York World's Louisville correspondent has been giving some attention to the canvass for United States Senator in Kentucky, and concludes that Chief Justice William Lindsay will win the race.

Hon. James B. Beck, Democratic U. S. Senator from Kentucky, demands the repeal of both all assumption acts. He says the debt of the country are not less than \$300,000,000, and there can not be over \$300,000,000, in gold accumulated to pay them with; hence, "forced bankruptcy means universal bankruptcy."

The dispatch received on Saturday night from London, giving a rumor that the Pope was dead, is now contradicted. A dispatch from Paris last night says the rumor was connected for stock-jobbing purposes, and caused depression on the Bourse and London Stock Exchange.

The long contemplated battle in the Valley of the Tons, between the Russians and Turks, was commenced Thursday night by the command of the Sultan's army, in command of Sublimean Pasha. At last accounts the fighting was in progress.

The horrible story from New York of the destruction of human life by the burning of an extensive piano manufactory and other buildings, is one that may be repeated as long as there are large structures with insufficient means of escape.

The business men of Louisville held a meeting Thursday night and agreed to petition Congress to repeal the bankrupt law, and earnestly urged the Kentucky Representatives to use their influence in having such a bill passed.

The loss of life by the railroad disaster near Des Moines, Iowa, Wednesday, will probably reach not less than twenty-five. It is a repetition of the Ashutaba horror on a smaller scale.

Governors' Day at the Philadelphia Exposition was a failure. The only officials present were Messrs. Anson of Kansas; Young, of Ohio; Porter, of Tennessee; Biddle of New Jersey; Astell, of New Mexico; Van Zandt, of Rhode Island, and Gruber, of Nebraska, making six in all.

It is a terrible battle of judgments against the shunderers of South Carolina. Every charge and tally are some of the charges contained in the bills that were returned by the Grand Jury in Columbia. Now let the trial be prosecuted.

EX GOVERNOR MOSES, of South Carolina, who is under indictment for corruption while in office, has made a mean boast of it, and is implicating a large number of prominent men, among whom is ex Gov. Chamberlain. Moses would not amount to much except so far as it is substantiated by documentary evidence, which he seems to have in abundance.

Mrs. HANSON, widow of the late General Roger W. Hanson, is a candidate for the office of State Librarian before the Legislature. General Hanson would be remembered as the officer whom the First Kentucky Brigade, C. S. A., and his regiment (the Second Kentucky) owed much to their splendid discipline and reputation. He was killed at the battle of Murfreesboro.

Those Utah divorcees who have come into vogue are dangerous. A Kentucky woman, whose lawyer had procured a Utah divorce for her, and who married again on the strength of it, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for three years as a bigamist. This is a verdict that will alarm not a few husbands and wives.

A child beginning to read is delighted with the newspaper, because he reads of names and things which are familiar, and he will progress accordingly. A newspaper in one year is worth a quarter's schooling to a child. Every father must consider that information is connected with advancement. The mother of a family, being one of its heads and having more immediate charge of children, should herself be instructed.

THE scientists have made a great deal of fun of Mr. Keely and his motor, but there is a possibility that he knows what he's about, after all. He made an experiment with his new \$50,000 engine recently, and produced 11,000 pounds pressure to the square inch. He says: "This is a new substance; a new force, altogether unknown to science. I don't pretend to be the inventor; I discovered it by accident. I could work this machine up to ten thousand horse power if the metal would hold. I shall certainly work it up to a 200 horse power engine soon."

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.
We see from the Woodford Sun that Senator Blackburn, Gen. Abe Buford, and the Hon. J. C. S. Blackburn, addressed the people of Woodford Monday at Versailles, on the subject of internal improvements, and the questions connected therewith, which are to come before our next Legislature. We are glad to see the interest manifested in these questions in different parts of the State. A new departure in the development of the resources of the State is likely to be the great question of the approaching session of our Legislature.—Yeuwau.

Gen. Buford.
The name of the old veteran, Gen. Abe Buford, will be presented for the speakership of the House. There are many members who, if they had no chance for local favorites, will rally with a shout for "old Abe." As an expression of good will and respect to him, they had rather confer the honor on him than any one, but his leadership of the "State Aid" element of the next Legislature, will prevent many of these from rallying to him.

Death of Thiers.
The greatest man in France is dead. His advanced age will not lessen the surprise with which his sudden taking off will strike the world, and there will not be wanting suicides that to death may have been hastened by agencies than those of Nature. As at the head of the new rising Republics of France, he was in the way of MacMahon and Bonapartists. The particulars of his death will be looked for with almost intense interest.

Adolph Thiers has been a man of note ever since the publication of the first volume of his "History of the French Republic." His career, that event and the completion of the work, in 1872, M. Thiers had by journalism in Paris, and was much on the liberal side against the government of the day. He was elected to the Chamber of Deputies in 1871, and was Minister of the Interior in the Cabinet of 1872 and subsequently was twice Prime Minister. He was twice President of the Republic, but he retained his full till 1879.

He governed France with sagacity and success for more than two years, though he sometimes promised his dignity by joining the hot debates of the Chamber. As a result, he was elected President, and resigned the office. He died on the 24th of May 1877.

As a politician, he was a man of his word, and voted on all matters of principle. He was a member of the majority of sixteen. Marshal MacMahon being at the same time President of the Republic, and M. Thiers was there in 1879, he was elected President of the Republic, and he died on the 24th of May 1877.

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A Plot of Order.
We receive a point of order. Why should a murderer in the South be called a Ku Klux, and a murderer in the North be called a nigger? We have no chance for local favorites, will rally with a shout for "old Abe." As an expression of good will and respect to him, they had rather confer the honor on him than any one, but his leadership of the "State Aid" element of the next Legislature, will prevent many of these from rallying to him.

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BRIGHAM YOUNG DEAD.
We Will Succeed Him?—The Fate of Mormonism.
Brigham Young, the President of the Church of "Latter Day Saints," as they call themselves, or Mormons, as they are known to the Gentile world, died in Salt Lake City, on Wednesday, the 22nd ult. His disease was cholera morbus.

Brigham Young was a man of extraordinary parts, and it is conspicuous that for the last twenty years, he was able to lead his people with a firm and steady hand. He was a man of such extraordinary executive abilities, courage, firmness, and shrewdness, that he accomplished wonders for his people and sect. From a handful of poor, beggarly, misadventured families he has led his church to a great power as numbers and wealth. He Smith, the founder of Mormonism, was a religious fanatic, and the Mormon church, would probably have died with him, but for the lucky election of Brigham as his successor. He made Mormonism a hive of industry, and sent apostles all over Europe and America, preaching. Whatever may say of Mormonism as a religion, it is generally admitted that its business spirit is its strength. The church is a vast and well-organized system.

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PROPRIETOR OF THE
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KEEPS ON HAND A WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF
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HICKMAN, KY.

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Hickman, Ky.

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Wooden and Metallic Coffins, Caskets, &c., very low.

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Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding,
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Hickman, Ky.

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F. SAMSE,
Manufacturer of Furniture for Bed Rooms, Parlor
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Wooden and Metallic Coffins, Caskets, &c., very low.

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BONDURANT & DREWRY,
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Hickman, Kentucky.

PLANTERS HOUSE,
Re-opened by J. A. Holt, Pro.,
Hickman, Ky.

POWELL & BROTHER,
Hickman, Ky.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

CHAS. A. HOLCOMBE,
Drugs and Medicines.

J. W. CORMAN & CO.,
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in.

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